

CUS! 'Zine Edition 5 – December 2016

CUS! 'Zine is a quarterly collaborative 'zine which combines art and politics.

For more information go to: tankgreen.com/cus-zine/. Twitter: twitter.com/cuszine. Email: cuszine@gmail.com.

CUS! 'Zine is always interested in working with new voices, especially those from outside the UK.

Please email us if you want to get involved.

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The voices in this edition of CUS! are:

<u>Christiane Eck</u> is a London-based culture worker who pursues a gallery day job and is also following a newly found passion for graphic design. Informed by an academic background in history of art and architecture and inspired by an eclectic love of music, films and fiction, she occasionally blogs/tweets/instagrams as (@)frankandfloyd.

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e bond makes digital spaces by day, handmade books by night, hangs out with trees on weekends and writes something close to poems in the spaces between. Under her studio roughdrAftbooks, created in 2003, she makes one-of-a-kind artists books, forms, journals and art pieces that fuse and blur mediums, blending art, design and poetry. You can find her online here roughdraftbooks.com/blog & here 365daysofwork.com or on instagram @eisroughdraft.

<u>Garry Freckleton</u> spends most of his time designing & making Things, Spaces & Places. An Architect based in Scotland, he's eternally curious about almost everything & never stops reading. You can find him contemplating work & life in his studio next to the river, with a cuppa. Twitter: @garry_architect.

<u>Leonie Wieser</u> is a PhD candidate at Northumbria University, where she researches people's engagement in local history and the different ways histories are made. Her interests are the interactions between the past and the present, and social and political change. Email: leonie.wieser@northumbria.ac.uk.

<u>Tank Green</u> was too busy being on holiday in Jamaica and panicking about her viva to make something for this issue other than the front cover. You can get her at tankgreen.com but only if you call her Dr. Tank Green.



Well, we've almost made it through this farce of a year. Only a few more weeks to go in these twelve months that certainly won't be remembered for their great sporting events and agreeable weather. Great musicians and artists have been dropping like flies. Following world politics has been a nauseating struggle, and I fear that worse is still to come.

The last couple of months were particularly bleak, here in the UK and overseas, but I feel that, as we steer towards 2017, there is a spirit of fighting back in the air. Of being decent and standing up to the bullies. There has definitely been a lot of discourse lately, even among people who wouldn't normally debate current affairs.

What to do exactly I don't know. Being brave. Being open-minded. Being open...

All [my] songs have a political meaning because loneliness is a political act today. And the reason we're lonely is because we have not organised our lives so that we can meet ourselves in each other. So that loneliness itself is a political act and anything, any song about loneliness is a political song.

says the late great Leonard Cohen in the 1972 documentary Bird on a Wire.

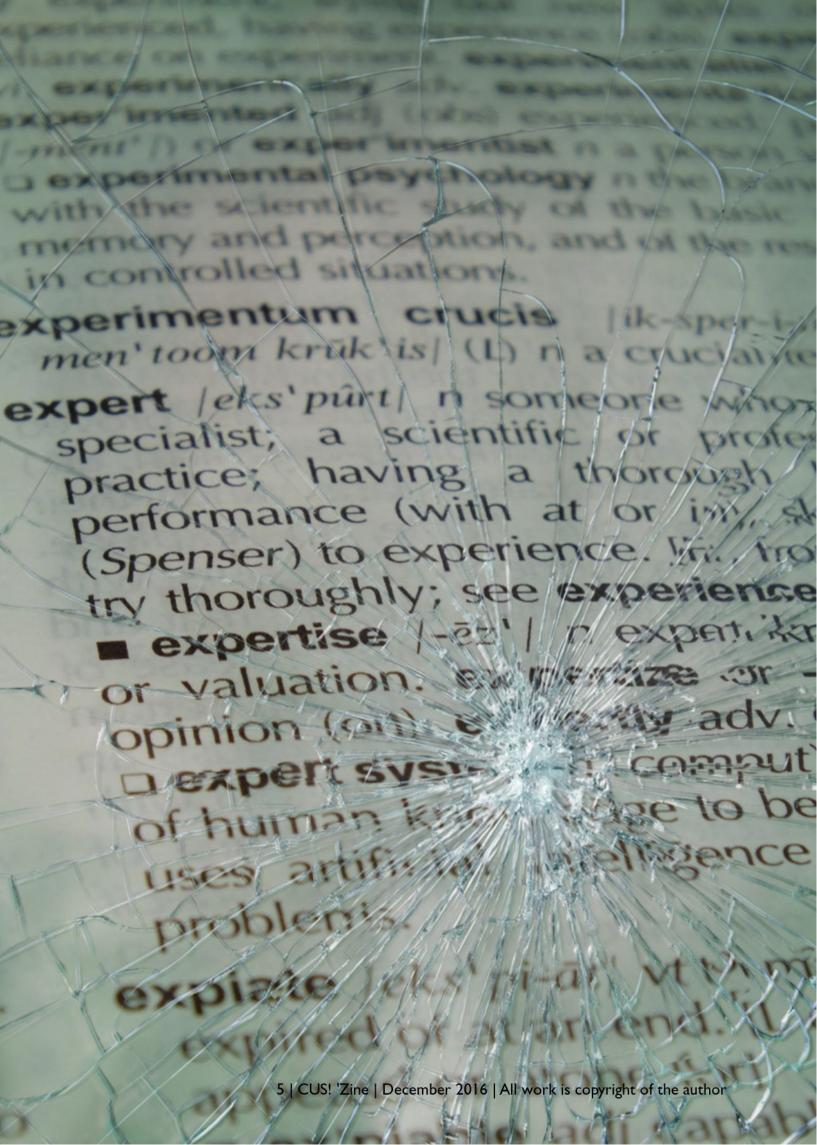
I can certainly get behind loneliness as a political act. It seems quite subversive in this day and age. In 2016, loneliness is undesirable and unpopular. A taboo, not something to casually admit to. Unthinkable even. At least that's what we're meant to believe. In reality, loneliness is probably a part of everybody's life. And it's about time to utilise it.

As far as my generation is concerned, we're predisposed to loneliness. Sitting awkwardly between Generation X and Millennials we don't even have a name. Some doubt that we exist at all. Born at the arse end of the 1970s we're fast approaching middle age, and I can't be the only one who's getting the impression that we've failed splendidly so far. We grew up without the internet and remember the advent of texting and email. Now we embrace new technologies. We're addicted to social media but keeping our thoughts short enough to tweet has turned us into poorer communicators. The ubiquity of broadband and wi-fi has filled our heads with endless information but still, the world's complexity remains a challenge for even the smartest of us.

Anyhow, none of this is an excuse. We're old enough to pony up. Every generation has its struggles. We've had it easy up to now. Many of us have done well for ourselves. We benefitted from free education, we know our history, we know what's at stake, we know that we have to act. After all, we grew up in the 1980s, the decade of protest. Signing online petitions won't cut it anymore. And of course simply meditating over a random Leonard Cohen quote won't do either.

Finding the strength to get up and do something is our challenge for the forseeable future. And if it's by watching *Bird on a Wire* and finding solace in that quote, then that's a start. I hope the world won't go all *Fahrenheit 451* any time soon but, for me, books, films, music and art are a hugely important part of life that keep my moral compass calibrated. The fact that I don't see talking or reading about bands as superficial has made me feel very lonely at times. For example, one of the greatest reads I enjoyed in my mid thirties is Michael Azzerad's *Our Band Could Be Your Life: Scenes from the American Indie Undergound 1981-1991*, but I don't usually bring that up when I'm talking to my co-workers or fellow new mums. Perhaps addressing my own conformism by wearing my heart on my sleeve a bit more from now on is one of the ways I can begin to make a difference.

Christiane Eck



LMGTFY by Dawn L. Hollis

It's one of the most dismissively sarcastic phrases on social media: Let Me Google That For You. If the author is feeling particularly witty, they can even include a link to lgmtfy.com, a website which advertises itself as 'For all those people who find it more convenient to bother you with their questions rather than search it for [sic] themselves'.

I decided that for this issue I wasn't going to write directly about the state of world politics right now, because quite frankly my instinctive response would be to fill a page with 'arrrghhs'. But that phrase, *let me Google that for you*, kept scratching at the back of my mind. Why?

Those six words say a lot, you see. They suggest that knowledge is something that is simply there for the taking, a few key-strokes away. They imply that someone who asks, rather than searches, is lazy or old-fashioned (the phrase is sometimes paired with the introduction 'welcome to the internet'). They claim that understanding isn't a thing to be produced in discussion between human beings, but in the communion between a pair of eyes and a gently glowing computer screen.

This invocation against questioning, against conversation, appears in other forms too. 'It's not my job to educate you' is a frequent cry of political and social activists of all shapes and sizes. This is, of course, a completely reasonable response to a flood of trolls who ask questions only to pick holes. But if you have a person for whom your perspective is completely outside of their experience, but who genuinely wants to know more about it, isn't it better for you to have a conversation, rather than for them to wander off alone into the wilds of the internet where they may well pick up - to put it lightly - all sorts of old shit?

The end result of these catch-phrases is that us children of the digital age are afraid of asking questions. Afraid of making simple requests of another's expertise in case we are dismissed as too stupid to use Google. Afraid of seeking to understand another's experience in case we are accused of being too privileged or too demanding. And the end result of that is that we all live in our own little bubbles of online knowledge and discourse, and that we come to prefer the results provided by Google to those offered by genuine experts. And the end result of that is, well. . .

My only - small - answer to this web of anti-expertise, anti-questioning attitudes, is to try to be braver. To start small. To turn to another human being whose knowledge and experience exceeds yours and to ask a question. It isn't stupid to have a discussion with a person of expertise - whether that expertise is in climate change or, heck, in a political stance you disagree with - rather than with Google. In fact, I think it's the only way to learn anything.





still #noDAPL

198 METHODS OF NONVIOLENT ACTION The Alfred Einstein Institute

PROTEST AND PERSUASION

Formal Statements

- 1. Public Speeches
 2. Letters of opposition or support
 3. Declarations by organizations and institut
 4. Signed public statements
 5. Declarations of indictment and intention

Communications with a Wider Audience

Group Representations

- 13. Deputations
 14. Mock awards
 15. Group lobbying
 16. Picketing
 17. Mock elections

mbolic Public Acts

- Symbolic Public Acts

 18. Displays of flags and symbolic colors

 19. Wearing of symbols

 20. Prayer and worship

 21. Delivering symbolic objects

 22. Protest disrobings

 23. Destruction of own property

 24. Symbolic lights

 25. Displays of portraits

 26. Paint as protest

 27. New signs and names

 28. Symbolic sounds

 29. Symbolic sounds

 29. Symbolic reclamations

 30. Rude gestures

Pressures on Individuals

- 31. "Haunting officials 32. Taunting officials 33. Fraternization 34. Vigils

Drama and Music

35. Humorous skits and pranks 36. Performances of plays and s 37. Singing

- Processions
- 38. Marches 39. Parades 40. Religious prod 41. Pilgrimages 42. Motorcades

Honoring the Dead

- Honoring the Dead
- 43. Political mourning 44. Mock funerals 45. Demonstrative funerals 46. Homage at burial places

Public Assemblies

- 47. Assemblies of protest or support48. Protest meetings49. Camouflaged meetings of protest50. Teach-ins

Withdrawal and Renunciation

SOCIAL NONCOOPERATION

Ostracism of Persons

- 55. Social boycott 56. Selective social boycott 57. Lysistratic nonaction

Noncooperation with Social Events, Customs, and

- 60. Suspension of social and sports activities 61. Boycott of social affairs 62. Student strike

- 63. Social disobedience
- 64. Withdrawal from social institutions

Withdrawal from the Social System

- 65. Stay-at-home 66. Total personal noncooperation 67. "Flight" of workers

- 68. Sanctuary 69. Collective disappearance 70. Protest emigration

ECONOMIC NONCOOPERATION: ECONOMIC

Actions by Consumers

- 71. Consumers' boycott

- 74. Rent withholding
 75. Refusal to rent
 76. National consumers' boycott
 77. International consumers' boycott

Action by Workers and Producers

- 78. Workmen's boycott 79. Producers' boycott
- Action by Middlemen

80. Suppliers' and handlers' boycott

- Action by Owners and Management

81. Traders' boycott 82. Refusal to let or sell property 83. Lockout 84. Refusal of industrial assistance 85. Merchants' "general strike"

- Action by Holders of Financial Resources
 86. Withdrawal J bank dep.
 87. Refusal to pay fees, dues, and a sents
 88. Refusal to pay debts or interest
 89. Severance of funds and credit
 90. Revenue refusal
 91. Refusal of a government's money

Action by Governments

- 93. Blacking of traders
 94. International buy mbarge
 95. International buy mbarge
 96. International trade eme

ECONOMIC NONCOOPERATION. *** STRIKE

Symbolic Strikes

- 97. Protest strike 98. Quickie walkout (lightning strike)

Agricultural Strikes

- 99. Peasant strike 100. Farm Workers' strike
- Stribes har Sworkers strike

- Strikes by Special Groups
- 101. Refusal of impressed labor 2. Prisoners' strike 10. Scaft strike

Ordinary a hystric 105. Establishment strik

- 106. Industry strike
- 107. Sympathetic strike

Restricted Strikes

- 108. Detailed strike
- 108. Detailed strike
 109. Bumper strike
 110. Slowdown strike
 111. Working-to-rule strike
 112. Reporting "sick" (sick-in)
 113. Strike by resignation
 114. Limited strike
 115. Selective strike

Multi-Industry Strikes

- 116. Generalized strike 117. General strike
- Combination of Strikes and Economic Closures

119 Economic shutdown

POLITICAL NONCOOPERATION

Rejection of Authority

Citizens' Noncooperation with Government

- 120. Withholding or withdrawal of allegiance 121. Refusal of public support
- 123. Boycott of legislative bodies 124. Boycott of elections

125. Boycott of government employment and positions 126. Boycott of government depts, agencies, and other bod other bodie 127. Withdrawal from government educational institutions astitutions astitutions properties of government-supported organizations 129. Refusal of assistance to enforcement agents 130. Removal of own signs and placemarks 132. Refusal to dissolve existing institution

thed and catalogued by Gene Sharp, 1973

- Citizens' Alternatives to Obedience
- 133. Reluctant and slow compliance
 134. Nonobedience in absence of direct supervision
- 136. Disguised disobedience 137. Refusal of an assemble or meeting to disperse
- 137. Remain of an assetution of the control of the

- Action by Government Perse

- Action by Government Peric nel
 142. Selective refusal of assistance by over
 143. Blocking of lines of command at one
 144. Stalling and obstruction
 145. General administrative noncooperator
 146. Judicial noncooperation
 147. Deliberate inefficiency and selective nenforement agents
 148. Mutiny toopstation by ation by

Domestic Governmental Action

- 149. Quasi-legal evasions and delays 150. Noncooperation by constituent governmental units

International Governmental Action

- International Governmental Action
 151. Changes in diplomatic and other representations
 152. Delay and cancellation of diplomatic events
 153. Withholding of diplomatic recognition
 154. Severance of diplomatic relations
 155. We'll direct from international organizations
 157. We'll direct from international organizations
 157. We'll direct from international organizations

NONVIOLENT ENTERVENTION

- Psychologica Intervention 158. Self-exposure to the elements 159. The fast

a) Fast of moral pressure b) Hunger strike c) Parks, shire fast 1 remyonent harassment

- Physical Intervention 162. Sit-in 163. Stand-in
 - 163. Stand-is

 - 163. Stand-in
 164. Ride-in
 165. Wade-in
 166. Mill-in
 167. Pray-in
 168. Nonviolent raids
 169. Nonviolent irraids
 170. Nonviolent invasion

- 190. Alternative markets
 191. Alternative transpor

- Political Intervention 193. Overloading of administrative systems
- 195. Seeking imprisonment 196. Civil disobedience of "neutral" laws 197. Work-on without collaboration

198. Dual sovereignty and parallel government





If we were still hoping for a better future, this hope has seen serious blows in the past year, or maybe years. We used to think that we either have to go forward or backward, we are loosing or gaining things, our lives become better or worse – we are progressive or conservative. But what if forward and backward are not the only options – for an experiment, we could envision abandoning linear time – going neither forward nor backwards. After seeing *Arrival*, I kept wondering what humans gained from learning this different way of looking at the world and at time. What did the Aliens help humans achieve by giving them this ability, to experience past, present and future all at once, and maybe not even distinguish between them? The concept is exciting to me, but apart from this sense of wonder, there are politics to experiencing the future in the now.

It has serious implications for our way of life and living (un)sustainably. The idea of sustainability extends the responsibility we ought to have to present generations to future generations. If we could directly see and experience the impact of our actions in the present on the future, we may change our economies and lifestyles to more sustainable models. And apart from the UK government ratifying the Paris agreement and promising future emissions reductions, Philip Hammond's autumn statement would already have prioritised bicycles and trains over cars. Maybe he would have announced the government's investment in clean energy technology and efforts into decarbonising the transport sector. And various incentives to reduce energy consumption. Maybe autumn statements from 50 years ago would already have integrated our impact on the environment into social and economic calculations and then Philip Hammond would be spared from too much thought on it now. Or maybe industrialisation would simply never have happened. At least not on this scale.

But then, if we lived with non-linear time, we would live completely differently. Does knowing the future, or experiencing the future in the present question causation and agency – if the future is already here, is it also set and unchangeable? But just because we know something will be, doesn't mean it is not a human agent that makes it happen. This means however desperate we are about the state of the world, this state of the world changes according to what people do or don't do.

We may not see, feel and experience the future directly, but we are still inextricably linked to it. We don't need to have non-linear time to be able to conceive of the future effects of our actions. Melting ice has released billions years old microbes and thousands years old Mammoths' teeth. Climate change has in a way compressed the distance between past and present, it is also bringing the future into the now, as postponing action will have irreversible effects for this world and its populations – we know this, we do not have to feel the effects first-hand.

A PART OF ME IS STILL IN JAMROCK

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